

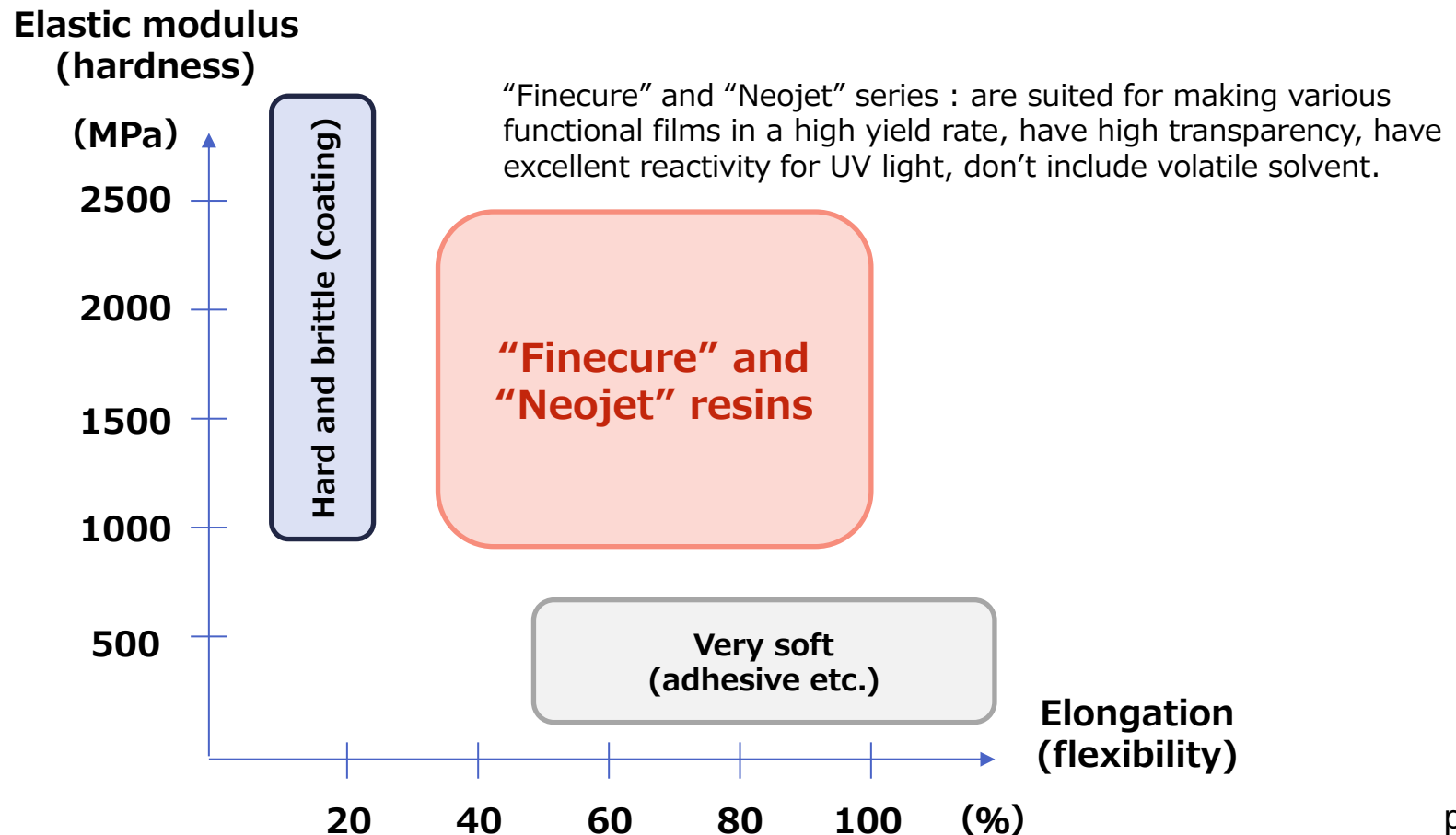
# Introduction to UV CURING RESIN

- 1 . UV-curable resins with excellent molding processability
- 2 . UV-curable resins with excellent substrate adhesion

# 1. UV-curable resins with excellent molding processability

## An introduction

Most conventional UV-resins are brittle and easily broken, but “Finecure” and “Neojet” resins show superior toughness and elasticity in comparison to the conventional resins.



## Applications

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“Finecure” and “Neojet” series are suited for making various functional films in a high yield rate.

e.g.

Optical film

Water-repellent film

Resin parts for automotive

UV coating of building material



**Optical films**  
(TV, tablet etc. )



**Water-repellent films**  
(Bathroom mirror, surveillance camera lens etc.)

# 1. UV-curable resins with excellent molding processability

## Properties

Properties		Finecure TS-01	Finecure TS-02	Neojet FL	
Properties of resin before curing	Content of UV curable resin (%)	100	100	100	
	Viscosity (mPa·s)	2,200	4,200	17	
After curing	Mechanical properties	Tensile elastic modulus (MPa)	2,000	1,200	1,800
		Breaking elongation (%)	22	45	75
		Tg(°C)	57	52	77
	Optical properties	Total light transmittance (%)	91	90	90
		Haze (%)	0.3	0.2	0.6
		Refractive index	1.56	1.57	1.53
	Adhesiveness for substrate	Easy adhesive PET	○	○	○
		PC		○	○
		TAC			○
		Glass			○

## Properties

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<UV curable resin evaluation method>

Evaluation sample shape

- For measuring tensile elastic modulus and breaking elongation:  
Dumbbell No. 3 (film thickness: 500  $\mu\text{m}$ )
- For Tg measurement:  
Strip shape (width 5 mm, length 40 mm, film thickness 1 mm)
- For optical characteristic evaluation:  
Apply to easily bonded PET film (Dry film thickness: 10  $\mu\text{m}$ )
- For base material adhesion evaluation:  
Apply to various base materials (Dry film thickness: 10  $\mu\text{m}$ )

UV curing conditions

- Light source: Electrodeless UV lamp (D bulb)
- UV irradiation conditions: 320mW /  $\text{cm}^2$ , 1,000mJ /  $\text{cm}^2$

## Properties

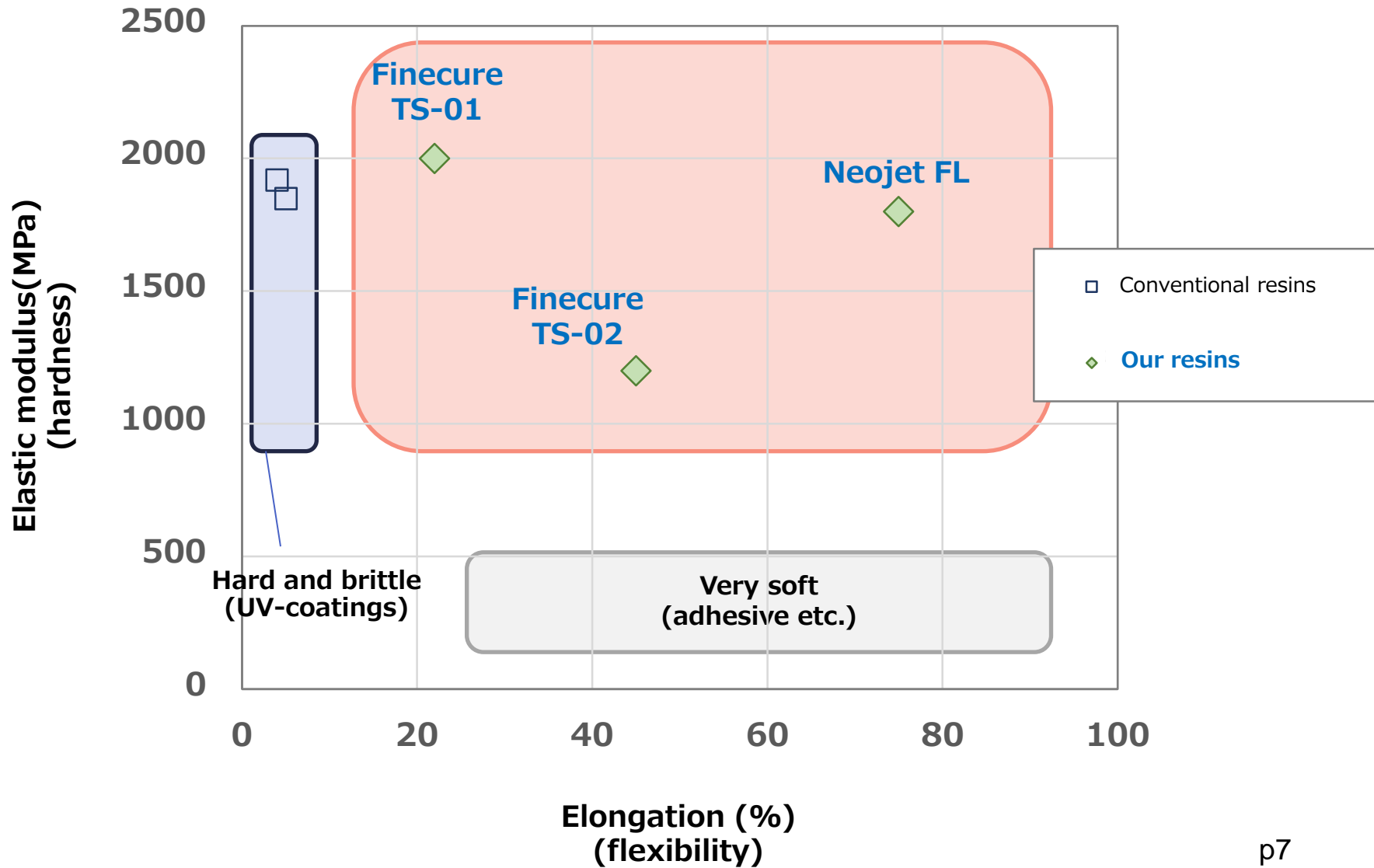
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### Evaluation method

- Viscosity:  
Cone plate type (E type) viscometer (25°C)
- Tension elastic modulus and Break elongation:  
Measured by autograph according to JIS K 6251
- Tg:  
Dynamic viscoelasticity measurement (DMA)
- Total light transmittance and Haze:  
Haze meter (manufactured by BYKGardner)
- Refractive index:  
Abbe refractometer (manufactured by ATAGO)
- Adhesion to substrate materials :  
Evaluated by a grid tape test according to JIS K 5600

# 1. UV-curable resins with excellent molding processability

## Properties

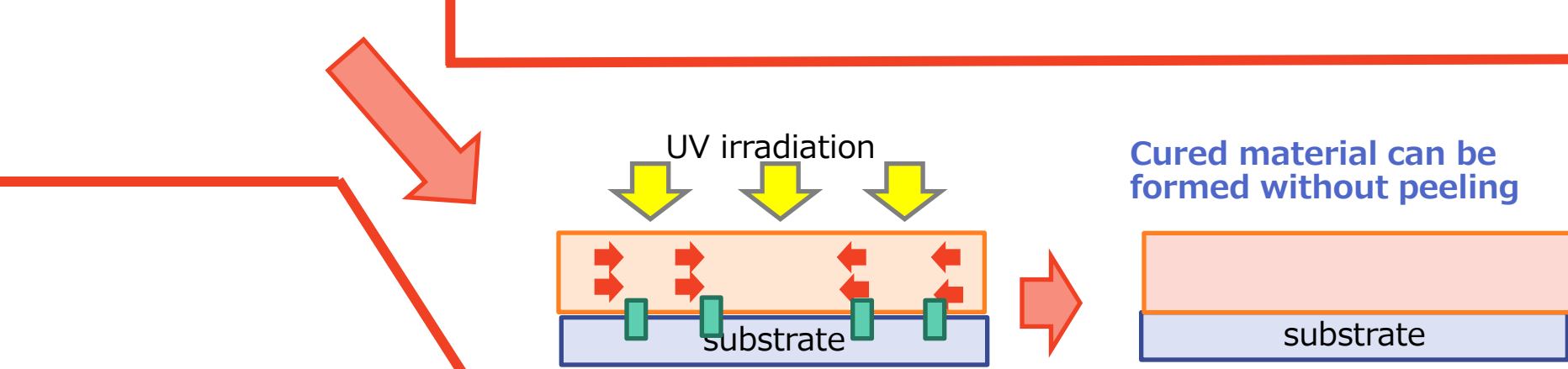
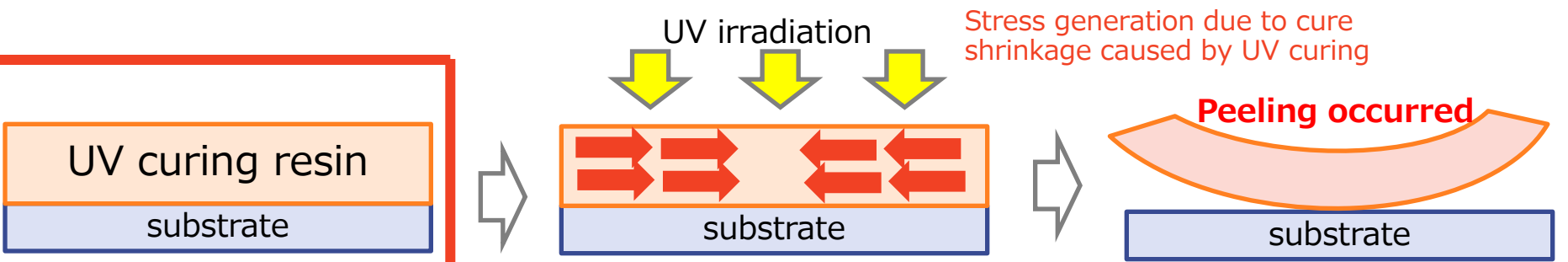


# 2. UV-curable resins with excellent substrate adhesion

## An introduction

It is a UV-curable resin with high substrate adhesion that reduces the "deterioration of adhesiveness due to cure shrinkage during light curing," which is an issue with UV-curable resins.

It is a UV-curable resin with high substrate adhesion.



### <Features>

- Excellent substrate adhesion
- High transparency
- Rapid curing property
- No solvents

- ① Reduction of cure shrinkage
- ② Strengthen interaction with substrates



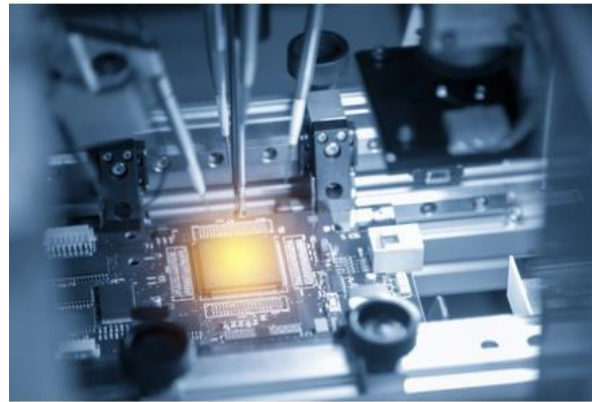
## 2. UV-curable resins with excellent substrate adhesion *Sanyo Chemical*

### Applications

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#### <Application examples>

- Primer treatment for various base materials (PP, glass, metal, etc.)
- Protection of metal wiring such as copper wiring and silver wiring (inkjet coating, photoresists)
- Insulating film formation for displays (touch panels, OLED, etc.)
- Formation of rewiring layers and interlayer insulation layers for electronic components (semiconductor packages, interposers, MEMS, CMOS sensors, etc.)



# 2. UV-curable resins with excellent substrate adhesion *Sanyo Chemical*

## Properties

Properties		Neojet PAD	Neojet PMAD	Finecure FOC	
Features		Plastic adhesion	Glass, metal adhesion	Negative photo resist Glass, metal adhesion	
Properties of resin before curing	Content of UV curable resin (%)	100%	100%	20~40% (solvent : PGMEA)	
	Viscosity (mPa·s)	5	17	10~100	
After curing	Adhesion to substrate	Easy adhesive PET	◎	○	
		PP	◎		
		PC	◎	○	
		TAC	◎	○	
		glass		◎	◎
		copper		◎	◎
	Electrical Properties	migration	-	-	None (130°C85%200hr) (L/S=10/10μm)
		Insulation resistance value	-	-	5.0E+11Ω (130°C85%200hr) (L/S=10/10μm)
	Optical properties	total light transmittance(%)	90	90	90
		Haze(%)	0.5	0.4	0.5 <b>p10</b>
Refractive indexnd25		1.53	1.53	1.53	

## 2. UV-curable resins with excellent substrate adhesion *Sanyo Chemical*

### Properties

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<UV curable resin evaluation method>

Evaluation sample shape

- For evaluation of optical characteristics:  
Apply to PET (Dry film thickness: 10  $\mu\text{m}$ )
- For evaluation of adhesion to base material:  
Apply to various base materials (Dry film thickness: 10  $\mu\text{m}$ )

UV curing conditions

- Neojet GMAD、PAD  
Light source : LED 385nm  
UV irradiation conditions : 1W/cm<sup>2</sup>、2000mJ
- Finecure FOC  
Light source : high-pressure mercury lamp  
UV irradiation conditions : 20mW/cm<sup>2</sup>、100mJ

## 2. UV-curable resins with excellent substrate adhesion *Sanyo Chemical*

### Properties

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#### < Evaluation method >

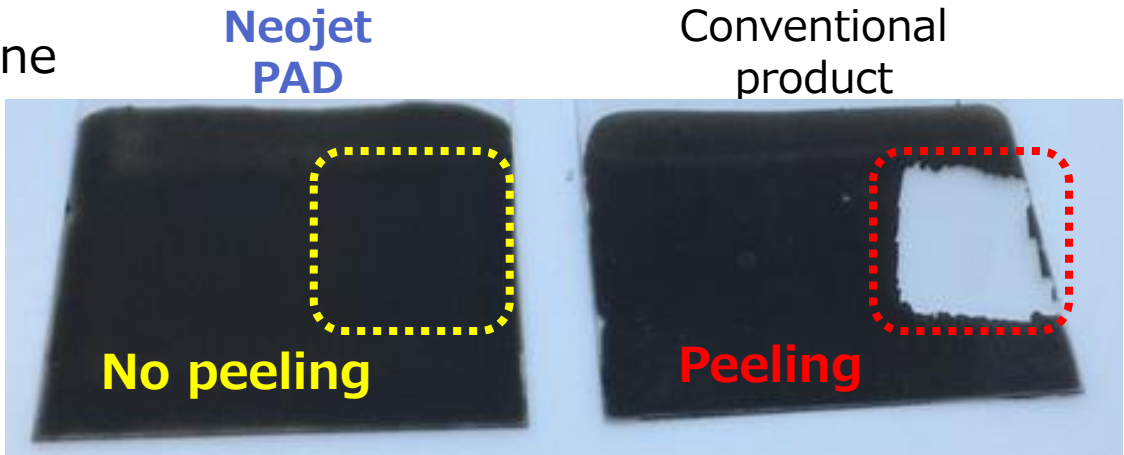
- Viscosity: Cone plate type (E type) viscometer (25 ° C)
- Tension elastic modulus and Break elongation:  
Measured by autograph according to JIS K 6251
- Tg: Dynamic viscoelasticity measurement (DMA)
- Total light transmittance • Haze:  
Haze meter (manufactured by BYKGardner)
- Refractive index: Abbe refractometer (manufactured by ATAGO)
- Base material adhesion:  
Evaluated by a grid tape test according to JIS K 5600

# 2. UV-curable resins with excellent substrate adhesion *Sanyo Chemical*

## Properties

### <Neojet PAD>

Good adhesion to polypropylene



### <Neojet GMAD, Finecure FOC>

Good adhesion to inorganic substrates such as copper, ITO, glass, etc.

substrate	Neojet GMAD	Finecure FOC
copper		
ITO		
glass		